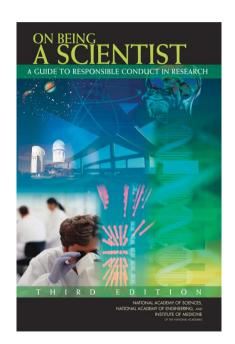






What is Ethics?



- Treatment of Data
- Mistakes and Negligence
- Research Misconducts
- Human Participants and Animal Subjects in Research
- Sharing of Research Results
- Authorship and the Allocation of Credit
- Intellectual Property
- ..

https://goo.gl/76yAVF

- University Research Integrity and Governance Code of Practice: https://goo.gl/zL1y3x
- School of Computer Science & Informatics Ethical Procedures: http://www.cs.cf.ac.uk/ethics/ comsc-ethics@cardiff.ac.uk



Research under NHS ethics committee

- Patients and users of the NHS. This is intended to mean all potential research participants recruited by virtue of the patient or user's past or present treatment by, or use of, the NHS. It includes NHS patients treated under contracts with private sector institutions;
- Individuals identified as potential research participants because of their status as relatives or carers of patients and users of the NHS, as defined above;
- Access to data, organs or other bodily material of past and present NHS patients;
- Foetal material and IVF involving NHS patients;
- The recently dead in NHS premises;
- The use of, or potential access to, NHS premises or facilities;
- NHS staff recruited as research participants by virtue of their professional role.

If any of those applies, please contact resgov@cardiff.ac.uk

Non-NHS research

- Non-clinical research involving human participants or human material or human data (clinical research is referred to NHS ethics committees for approval).
- **Does not include research** where the information about human participants is publicly and lawfully available, e.g. information published in the census, population statistics published by government departments, personal letters, diaries etc. held in public libraries or on the open Internet.



Non-NHS research

